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## INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY	North Korea					REPORT				
SUBJECT	Installations in Oktong-ni, P'yonggang-gun, Kangwon-do (Pedestrian form Cooperation; Nord; pchort)				DATE D	DATE DISTR. 24 April 1958 NO. PAGES 1				
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Geographic Information - Octong-ni (P'yonggang-gun, Kanguon-do)

The present district of Oktong-ni resulted from the combination of the former areas of Mangil-li (CT 3260) and Oktong-ni (CT 3557) (Sø-myøn) at the time of the general reorganization of administrative district in January 1954. As shown on the attached drawing, the heavy broken line is an approximate alignment of the boundary of Oktong-ni, while the lighter line which follows the contour of the valley indicates the boundaries of the management areas of the Mangil Farm Cooperative (represented by the bold numeral one) and the Oktong Farm Cooperative (represented by the bold numeral two), which are divided by the line crossing the valley floor in the area of CT 3458.

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2. The status of civilian housing reconstruction (as of 1957) is shown by the small clusters of dots interspersed over the floor of the valley. Each dot represent a single house.

## Installations - Oktong-ni

- 3. The following listing is a guide to individual public and governmental installations in Oktong-ni, as shown in the attached drawing.
  - 1) Pedestrian Bridge: Constructed in the autumn of 1956 by Chinese Communist forces then stationed in the area, this bridge has cement foundations covered with wooden planking, and is approximately six (6) meters long, six (6) meters wide, and two (2) meters above the stream.
  - 2) Bridge: Built prior to the Korean War, this bridge has much the same construction and dimensions of the above bridge.
  - 3) Office, Mangil Farm Connerative: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), eight (8) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.
  - 4) <u>Bridge</u>: This bridge was built by local Chinese Communist forces in the autumn of 1956 and is physically the same as the above bridges.
  - 5) Road: During the Korean War, this road was widen to about five (5) meters by Chinese forces.
  - 6) Bridge: Rebuilt by Chinese forces in the spring of 1956 with wooden planking, this bridge is nine (9) meters long, six (6) meters wide, and four (4) meters above the stream.
  - 7) Bridge: Built before the Korean War, this bridge is ten (10) meters long, with other dimensions being the same as the above bridge.

- 8) Office, Management Committee, Oktong Farm Cooperative: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), eight (8) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.
- 9) Oktong-ni Feople's Committee: A one(1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), 15 meters long, ten (10) meters wide, and four (4) meters high. There are many windows in the building covered with white paper instead of glass.
- 10) Office. Ortons-ni Labor Party Committee: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), ten (10) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.
- 11) Oktong-ni Clinic: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), six (6) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.
- 12) Oktome-ni Internal Affairs Sub-Station: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), eight (8) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high. The building has many glass windows.
- 13) Oktong-ni Communications Department: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), with many paper-covered windows, ten (10) meters long, six (6) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.
- 14) Profingence on Warehouse No. A: This is actually an open storage area used for the keeping of taxes—in-kind and surrounded by a barbed—wire fence 1.5 meters high. The area is approximately 40 meters long and 30 meters wide and the north side of the site, where taxes—in-kind are stacked has a wall some 50 meters long and two (2) meters high.
- 15) Read: A dirt-covered read, some six (6) meters wide, which runs through Oktong-ai to Ich'on-gun on the northwest and to P'yonggengein-po on the southwest.
- 16) Oktong Bridge: A cement structure, 15 meters long, six (6) meters wide, and some four (4) meters above water-level.
- 17) School: This building, which is a one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof end mud walls), AO meters long, ten (10) meters wide, and four (4) meters high, includes both the Oktong Primary School and the P'yanggang-gun Ath Junior Middle School. The windows of the school are paper-covered and a yard approximately 50 meters square is located on the northeast of the building.
- 18) Oktome-mi Consumers' Guild Store: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (strew roof and mud walls), ten (10) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high. The southwestern side of the building has a display window.
- 19) Office. Oktome-ni Facetry Protection District: A one (1)-story, wooden structure (straw roof and mud walls), ten (10) meters long, four (4) meters wide, and three (3) meters high.

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